

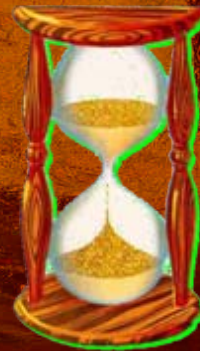
**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

# **Syrah Reserve USA Supermarket**

**\$4-5 / bottle F.O.B.  
Challenger of Australian Shiraz  
48 month longevity**



*Note: this example  
is not the  
procedure used by  
Jacob's Creek. It is  
a procedure to  
reach the target  
style with  
conforming grapes  
from warm  
Okanagan area*



**= The action  
participates  
positively to the  
wine longevity**



# General procedure





Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant

# General procedure



Dominique Delteil Consultant document.

Professional use not allowed (training, copy, publication, commercial document, etc.) without written D. Delteil's authorization

LALLEMAND



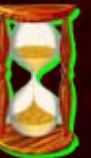
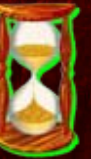
**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

## Grape



**The goal:  
Get a sufficient potential in the  
material we are going to  
process**

- **Sound**
- **Enough sugar ripening: comes always before phenolic-aromatic-cellular-colloidal ripening**
- **Pulp: No herbaceous aromas. Ripe fruit aromas. Low acidity (relatively independent from pH). Pulp: easy to separate from skin**
- **Skin: easy to chew. No herbaceous aromas and low acidity during the first 5-7 chewing. Fruity aromas**
- **Seeds: not really important if the rest is conforming: remember we are on the \$4-5 FOB market!**





**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

# General procedure



Dominique Delteil Consultant document.

Professional use not allowed (training, copy, publication, commercial document, etc.) without written D. Delteil's authorization

**LALLEMAND**

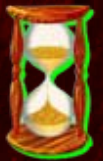


# Reception

**The goal:  
Start to diffuse interesting compounds**



- **pH adjusted to 3.40**
- **SO<sub>2</sub>: 30 ppm**
- **Temperature: 20°C (65°F) ASAP (example: harvest at night)**
- **Maceration enzymes (example 2-3 g/hl Lallzyme EXV)**





# General procedure





# Destemmer - Crusher



**The goal:  
Start to diffuse interesting compounds**

- **Destem**
- **Crush**





# General procedure





# Maceration and fermentation (1)





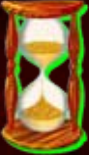

**The goal:**

**To diffuse interesting elements**

**Avoid the extraction of aggressive and green elements**

**Regular and continuous fermentation with a strain with adapted potential**

**Build the colloidal structure, express varietal potential**

- **Temperature: 18°C** 
- **Add chips (free in the grapes): 5 g/kg (French, toasted medium+)** 
- **Choose the right strains (e.g.: 30% with D80, 30% with BM4x4, 40% with D21). Fermentations with pure strains; wines blended after MLF** 
- **The right ADY dose: 25 g/hl if <23 Brix; 35 g/hl if >23 Brix** 



## **Maceration and fermentation (2)**



- **Right yeast protection during rehydration (e.g.: FortiFerm)**
- **Direct inoculation after temperature acclimation (10°C during 15 minute steps)**
- **Add 30 g/hl de OptiRed or BoosterRouge**
- **As soon as the cap is formed:**
  - **2 delestages per day, eliminating the seeds that come out**
  - **Add 10 mg/L oxygen (macro-oxygenation) during each delestage**
- **After 2 days: go to 22-23°C (below the cap)**

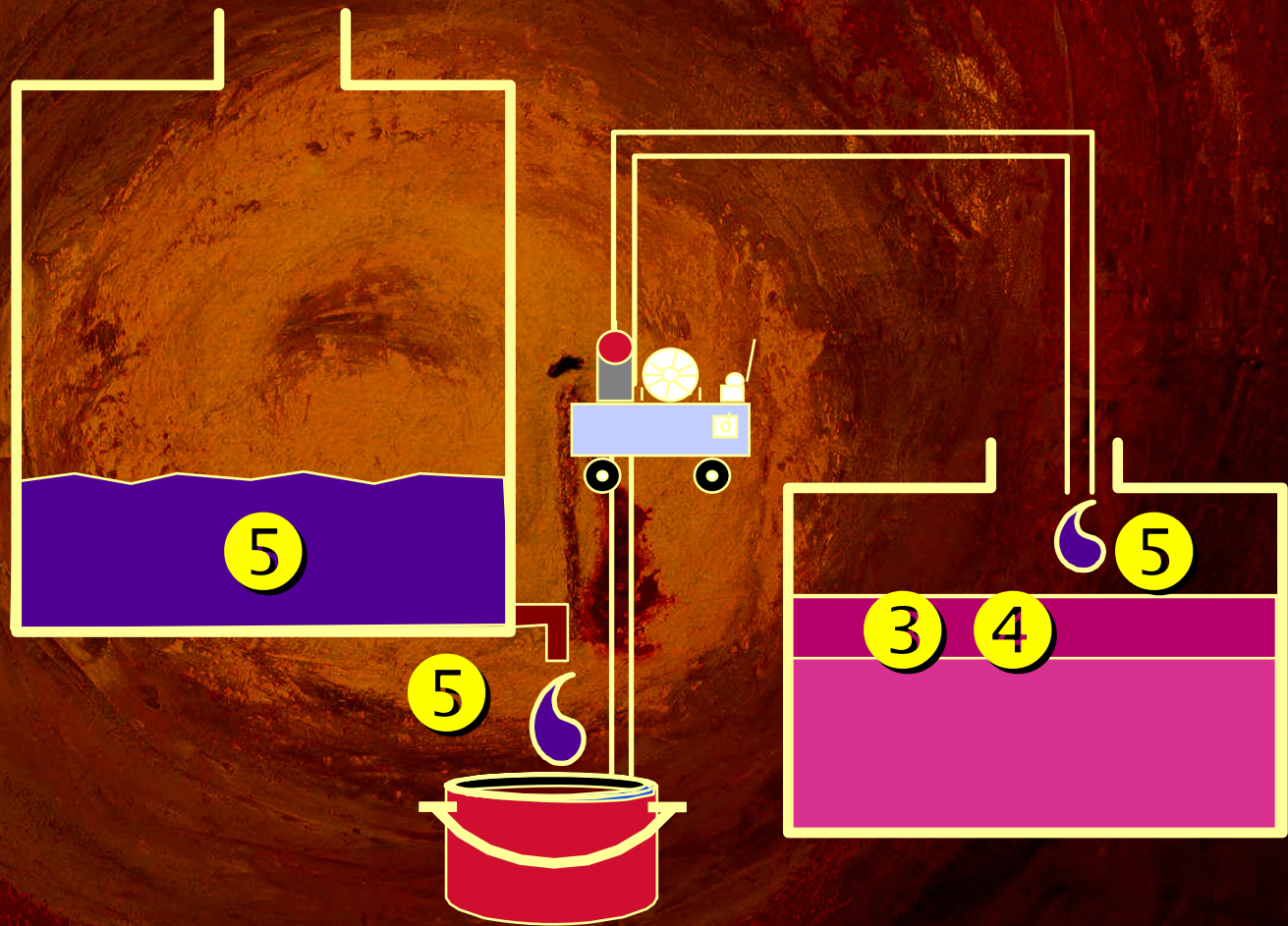




**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

## Délestage. Step #2

**Complete draining of the cap achieves the diffusion goals : extracts the most interesting grape macromolecules. Complete aeration brings stabilisation, tannin « coating / enrobage » and sulphur off-flavour management**





## **Note**

- **In this example, the yeast protection and nutrition strategy is for a 14-14.5%vol potential.**
- **If the juice has a 15.0-15.5%vol potential, add 20 g/hl de Fermaid K in the fresh grapes immediately after the inoculation with yeast rehydrated with GoFerm Protect**



## **Maceration and fermentation (3)**



- **At one third of sugar depletion: add 30 g/hl Fermaid K**
- **Make regular juice agitation all through fermentation**
- **Avoid pure DAP addition and automatic copper fining if there are sulphur odours**
- **Drain after 5-8 days:**
  - **According to the colour and polyphenols diffusion rhythm**
  - **Before getting aggressive and dry taste: the goal is to get a fruity intense red with a good longevity. Not a “small great wine”**





# General procedure





## **Drain and press**

**The goal:**

**Go on building the colloidal matrix (pressings)**

**Avoid the development of sulphur odours (racking)**

- **Press, until a 0,5-0,6 bar pressure**
- **Blend free run and press, if press juice conform**
- **Adjust pH at 3.40 and temperature at 18°C**
- **Add 1 g/L chips (French toasted medium +) in bags to keep sweet smoky aromas (Jacob's Creek style)**
- **Add 5 mg/L oxygen (macro-oxygenation) or start a continuous micro-oxygenation at 60 mg/L/month**
- **The day after: rack**





# End of alcoholic fermentation

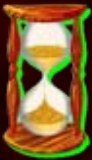
**The goal:**

**Go on building the colloidal matrix**

**Avoid the development of sulphur odours**

**Stabilize the polyphenolic / colloidal system**

- **Chips follow the wine after the racking**
- **Keep temperature at 18°C**
- **Add 5 mg/L oxygen (macro-oxygenation) once a day or go on with a continuous micro-oxygenation at 60 mg/L/month**
- **One stirring per day**
- **If the fore-mouth volume is not sufficient, add 30 g/hl OptiRed**





# General procedure





# End of alcoholic fermentation



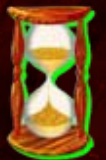
**The goal:**

**Go on building the colloidal matrix**

**Avoid the development of sulphur odours**

**Stabilize the polyphenolic / colloidal system**

- **Right at sugar depletion, rack**
- **Keep temperature at 18°C**
- **Add 2 mg/L oxygen (macro-oxygenation) once a day or go on with a continuous micro-oxygenation at 30 mg/L/month**
- **24 hours later, rack into a tank with new staves (“50% surface” = 0,5 m<sup>2</sup>/hl)**





**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

# General procedure



Dominique Delteil Consultant document.

Professional use not allowed (training, copy, publication, commercial document, etc.) without written D. Delteil's authorization

**LALLEMAND**



# Malolactic Fermentation

**The goal:**

**Go on building the colloidal matrix**

**Avoid the development of sulphur odours**

**Stabilize the polyphenolic / colloidal system**

- **Keep temperature at 18°C**
- **Make a microbiological analysis of living *Brettanomyces*, *Pediococcus*, *Lactobacillus* & *Oenococcus***
- **Inoculate immediately (e.g.: VP41)**
- **Micro-oxygenation at 15 mg/l/month until 50% of malic depletion**
- **One stirring a day (mixer)**
- **Frequent control of MLF**





**Dominique  
Delteil  
Consultant**

# General procedure



Dominique Delteil Consultant document.

Professional use not allowed (training, copy, publication, commercial document, etc.) without written D. Delteil's authorization

**LALLEMAND**



# Aging: first steps

**The goal:**

**Go on building the colloidal matrix**

**Avoid the development of sulphur odours**

**Stabilize the polyphenolic / colloidal system**

- **First aging step starts in the MLF tank: immediately after the complete malic acid depletion.**
  - Adjust pH to 3.40
  - Add 40 ppm SO<sub>2</sub>
- **One stirring a day**
- **Micro-oxygenation at 2 mg/l/month**
- **After de 4-5 days: rack**





# General procedure





## **Aging: first steps (2)**



- **Wash the staves with water**
- **Back in the tank with staves after 12-24 hours, if the microbiological control made 10 days ago is negative**
- **Adjust temperature to 14°C**
- **Micro-oxygenation at 2 mg/l/month**
- **Make a new microbiological analysis of living *Brettanomyces*, *Pediococcus*, *Lactobacillus* & *Oenococcus***
- **Go on stirring (with mixer)**





## **Aging: next steps**



- **Keep pH conforming with the goal and 0.7-0.8 mg/L molecular SO<sub>2</sub>**
- **Stir regularly: start with 2 times a week and then slow down the rhythm**
- **Micro-oxygenation at 1 mg/l/month**
- **Rack after 30-40 days. Always 24 after a stirring**





## **Aging. Last steps**



- **Get out of the tank with staves after 2-3 month**
- **Try OptiRed or BoosterRouge addition (30 g/hl) when fruit intensity goes down or if oak intensity is too high or if tannin sensation start to be too dry or if alcohol is too dominant**
- **Micro-oxygenation at 0.5-1 mg/l/month**
- **Keep temperature around 12-14°C until bottling**

